## **Texas A&M International University**



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1.	Suppose you will receive $$5300$ in $6.5$ years. If the present value is $$4262.06$ , What discount rate does this imply?
	(a) 3.41%

- (b) 6 000/
- (b) 6.82%
- (c) 1.7%
- (d) 4.26%
- (e) 1.69%
- 2. Find the internal rate of return of a project with the following cash flows, starting at time 0: \$-1300, 475, 375, 250, 350, 550.
  - (a) 16.36%
  - (b) 16.61%
  - (c) 16.86%
  - (d) 16.11%
  - (e) 17.11%
- 3. Suppose you will receive \$3200 in 5 years. If the discount rate is 2.92% per year, What is the present value of that cash flow?
  - (a) \$3109.21
  - (b) \$2985.55
  - (c) \$2771.09
  - (d) \$3071.33
  - (e) \$2692.47
- 4. PG *is about to pay* a dividend of \$5.02 per share. The required rate of return is 6.48%. What is the current share price of PG if dividends are not expected to grow in the future?
  - (a) \$77.47
  - (b) \$78.49
  - (c) \$72.45
  - (d) \$41.24
  - (e) \$82.49
- 5. Assuming the discount rate is 10.98%, find the net present value of a project with the following cash flows, starting at time 0: \$-1100, 500, 400, 375, 475, 200
  - (a) \$1064.11
  - (b) \$657.07
  - (c) \$381.56
  - (d) \$850
  - (e) \$281.56
- 6. Assuming the discount rate is 12.54%, find the present value of a series of cash flows that pays \$350 at the end of every period for 25 periods. The first cash flow is at time 1.
  - (a) \$2791.07
  - (b) \$2845.49
  - (c) \$2645.49
  - (d) \$8750
  - (e) \$2745.49

- 7. The primary goal of financial management is to maximize the ...
  - (a) Value of the firm
  - (b) Net income, according to GAAP/IFRS
  - (c) Book value of shareholder equity
  - (d) Number of shares outstanding
  - (e) Market share
- 8. You have the following information from a firm's income statement (all numbers are in million dollars): net sales = \$9177, cost of goods sold = \$5047, selling and general administrative expenses = \$1089, depreciation & amortization = \$1228, interest expenses = \$635, taxes = \$294. What is this firm's Operating Cash Flow (OCF)?
  - (a) \$1813
  - (b) \$2841
  - (c) \$884
  - (d) \$3041
  - (e) \$2747
- 9. The times interest earned ratio is used to evaluate the ...
  - (a) Relationship between the firm's cash balance and its current liabilities
  - (b) Ability of a firm to pay the interest on its debt
  - (c) Liquidity of a firm's assets
  - (d) Length of time that a firm can pay its bills with no additional cash
  - (e) Speed at which the firm generates cash
- 10. Assuming the discount rate is 7.28%, find the net present value of a project with the following cash flows, starting at time 0: \$-1000, 200, 425, 300, 400, 275
  - (a) \$600
  - (b) \$494.19
  - (c) \$716.48
  - (d) \$294.19
  - (e) \$491.42
- 11. Suppose a firm has a profit margin of 19.65%, an annual total asset turnover of 1.97, and it's debt-to-equity ratio is 1.5. What is the firm's annual return on equity (ROE)?
  - (a) 38.71%
  - (b) 96.78%
  - (c) 120.97%
  - (d) 58.07%
  - (e) 82.26%
- 12. What type of firm faces double taxation?
  - (a) General partnership
  - (b) Proprietorship
  - (c) Limited partnership
  - (d) S Corporation
  - (e) C Corporation

- 13. If financial markets efficiently price information about debt, that means ...
  - (a) You cannot beat the market by using information about a firm's debt levels
  - (b) You cannot beat the market, regardless of what information you have
  - (c) You can beat the market by using information about a firm's debt levels
  - (d) You cannot beat the market by using publicly available information about the firm
  - (e) You can beat the market, but only using information from past prices
- 14. Shankar, Inc. has an inventory turnover of 10. This means the firm:
  - (a) Sells its inventory by granting customers 10 days credit.
  - (b) Buys 10 days of inventory with each order.
  - (c) Only stocks its inventory every 10 days.
  - (d) Sells its entire inventory every 10 days.
  - (e) Sells its inventory an average of 10 times each year.
- 15. Which of the following is an example of a primary market?
  - (a) An investor selling her bonds to another investor
  - (b) New York Stock Exchange
  - (c) The London Stock Exchange
  - (d) A firm issuing stock to shareholders
  - (e) Chicago Board Options Exchange
- 16. YYY's preferred stock is trading at \$22.95 and paying dividends of \$2.27 per year. What is the required return on this stock?
  - (a) 11.89%
  - (b) Not enough information
  - (c) 14.84%
  - (d) 9.89%
  - (e) 7.42%
- 17. In estimating the net investment, an outlay that has already been made, and which cost cannot be recovered, is known as a . . .
  - (a) sunk cost
  - (b) fixed cost
  - (c) expansion cost
  - (d) opportunity cost
  - (e) cash outflow
- 18. A bond trading at par has a coupon rate of 4.26%. What is that bond's yield to maturity?
  - (a) \$2.13
  - (b) \$8.52
  - (c) \$5.26
  - (d) \$4.26
  - (e) Not enough information

- 19. Which of the following cash flows should *NOT* be included when calculating the NPV of the decision (to be made today) to produce a new car model?
  - (a) The salvage value of plant and equipment at the end of the projects life
  - (b) The reduction in the sales of the company's existing car model because of introducing the new line
  - (c) The effect of equipment depreciation on taxes
  - (d) The cost of research and development during the previous three years
  - (e) The expenditure on new plant and equipment needed for the new model
- 20. If the initial cash flow is negative and all subsequent cash flows are positive, one should accept projects whose IRR is \_\_\_\_\_ than the required rate of return.
  - (a) higher
  - (b) lower
  - (c) Not enough information
  - (d) Doesn't matter
  - (e) the same
- 21. If a vanilla corporate bond has a 4.56% coupon rate, what is the semiannual coupon?
  - (a) \$4.56
  - (b) \$2.28
  - (c) Not enough information
  - (d) \$9.12
  - (e) \$22.8
- 22. American Depository Receipts (ADRs) are used to ...
  - (a) Record transactions in eurodollars or in foreign currencies
  - (b) Control bank accounts in US banks from abroad
  - (c) Trade shares of US shares from a foreign exchange
  - (d) Control bank accounts in foreign banks from the US
  - (e) Trade shares of foreign companies that do not trade on a US exchange
- 23. Which of the following is the most junior in bankruptcy proceedings?
  - (a) Common stock
  - (b) Unpaid wages
  - (c) Preferred stock
  - (d) Long-term bonds
  - (e) Commercial paper
- 24. Analysts have forecasted IDM's dividend next year to be \$4.65 per share. The required rate of return is 9.87%. What is the current share price of IDM if dividends are expected to grow at 0.97% per year in the future?
  - (a) \$47.11
  - (b) \$26.12
  - (c) \$50.11
  - (d) \$50.25
  - (e) \$52.25

- 25. If a net present value analysis for a normal project with standard cash flows gives an NPV lower than zero, an internal rate of return calculation on the same project would yield an internal rate of return (IRR) \_\_\_\_\_ the required rate of return for the firm.
  - (a) Not enough information
  - (b) greater than
  - (c) equal to
  - (d) There will be multiple IRR values
  - (e) less than
- 26. If a stock portfolio is well diversified, then the portfolio variance ...
  - (a) Not enough information
  - (b) must be equal to or greater than the variance of the least risky stock in the portfolio
  - (c) will be a weighted average of the variances of the individual securities in the portfolio
  - (d) will equal the variance of the most volatile stock in the portfolio
  - (e) can be less than the variance of the least risky stock in the portfolio
- 27. A savings account is ...
  - (a) An account that earns interest but has a limited number of transactions per month
  - (b) An account that allows account holders to treat it like cash
  - (c) An account that you cannot withdraw from until it reaches maturity
  - (d) An account for trading options and other derivatives
  - (e) An account that allows you to trade stocks to save for retirement
- 28. Which of the following organizations insures the accounts at brokerages to protect against the brokerage's bankruptcy?
  - (a) FDIC
  - (b) NCUA
  - (c) FINRA
  - (d) SIPC
  - (e) SEC
- 29. If a firm has a beta = 1.03, the risk-free rate = 3.09%, and the expected return on the market is 8.77%, what is the firm's expected return?
  - (a) 12.12%
  - (b) 9.67%
  - (c) 9.48%
  - (d) 8.94%
  - (e) 7.79%
- 30. Suppose a firm's bonds have a yield of 3.34%, the required return on preferred stock is 6.74%, and its required return on common stock is 10.07%. If these sources of capital are weighted 0.34, 0.18, and 0.48 respectively, and the firm's tax rate is 23.87%, what is the firm's weighted-average cost of capital?
  - (a) 6.22%
  - (b) 7.32%
  - (c) 6.91%
  - (d) 7.18%
  - (e) 6.72%

- 31. Suppose three stocks in a portfolio have betas of 1.07, 1.63, and 0.99. If those stocks are weighted 0.14, 0.09, and 0.77 respectively, what is the portfolio's expected return?
  - (a) 0.98
  - (b) 1.23
  - (c) 1.22
  - (d) 1.06
  - (e) 33.33
- 32. Suppose a firm's bonds have a yield of 4.38%, the required return on preferred stock is 7.97%, and its required return on common stock is 7.45%. If these sources of capital are weighted 0.35, 0.35, and 0.3 respectively, and the firm's tax rate is 22.09%, what is the firm's weighted-average cost of capital?
  - (a) 6.84%
  - (b) 6.6%
  - (c) 6.56%
  - (d) 6.59%
  - (e) 6.22%
- 33. Suppose three stocks in a portfolio have expected returns of 8.95%, 10.15%, and 7.63%. If those stocks are weighted 0.37, 0.24, and 0.39 respectively, what is the portfolio's expected return?
  - (a) 8.72%
  - (b) 33.33%
  - (c) 7.07%
  - (d) 8.91%
  - (e) 10.2%
- 34. When is it appropriate to use a firm's weighted average cost of capital as the discount rate?
  - (a) To discount cash flows generated by each and every specific project the firm is undertaking
  - (b) To discount cash flows generated by each division of the firm
  - (c) To discount cash flows from projects that are riskier than the firm as a whole
  - (d) To discount cash flows generated by a project that has the similar risk of the overall firm
  - (e) To discount earnings generated by the firm
- 35. According to the Pecking Order Theory of capital structure, what is the best source of financing for projects?
  - (a) Short-term debt
  - (b) Issuing new preferred stock
  - (c) Issuing new common stock
  - (d) Retained earnings
  - (e) Bonds
- 36. If a firm has a beta = 2.3, the risk-free rate = 3.21%, and the expected return on the market is 7.64%, what is the firm's expected return?
  - (a) 14.69%
  - (b) 13.4%
  - (c) 11.86%
  - (d) 12.6%
  - (e) 20.78%

- 37. If a stock is going to pay a dividend soon, what is the last day you could buy that stock and receive the dividend?
  - (a) The payment day
  - (b) The holder-of-record day
  - (c) The announcement day
  - (d) The ex-dividend day
  - (e) The day before the ex-dividend day
- 38. The differences between share repurchases and dividends are mostly due to ...
  - (a) Dividends being better because you don't have to sell shares
  - (b) Taxes and future earnings
  - (c) Transaction costs and future earnings
  - (d) Share repurchases being better because they're more flexible
  - (e) Taxes and transaction costs
- 39. Modigliani & Miller, when discussing capital structure, argued that ...
  - (a) equity is better than debt, because of bankruptcy
  - (b) firms find a trade-off between the tax benefits and bankruptcy costs of debt
  - (c) firms use debt in order of cost, starting with the cheapest source of capital
  - (d) firms use debt to signal their future prospects to the market
  - (e) capital structure is irrelevant in the real world because of homemade leverage
- 40. Suppose a firm's bonds have a yield of 2.56% and its required return on common stock is 8.4%. If these sources of capital are weighted 0.12, and 0.88 respectively, and the firm's tax rate is 24.55%, what is the firm's weighted-average cost of capital?
  - (a) 7.62%
  - (b) 6.86%
  - (c) 7.7%
  - (d) 7.16%
  - (e) 5.48%

## Short Answer Problem

Show your work for partial credit

1. If a project is expected to have annual sales of \$1000, variable costs of \$225, fixed costs of \$150, and an annual depreciation expense of \$350, what is the project's net present value assuming depreciation was straight-line to zero over seven years, the appropriate discount rate is 8%, and the tax rate is 21%? Assume that the project ends when the initial investment has a book value of zero.

2. In problem 1 above, what would the project be worth if the initial investment was depreciated to half its original value and then sold at book value after seven years?